The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, MARCH 3. 1740. N°. 1465.

Laſt Saturday arriv'd a Mail from Holland, *and Yeſterday one from* France, *and another from* Flanders.

Peterſbourg, Feb. 4. O. S.

THE Captain who came hither with the Grand Seignior's Ratification of the Peace, brought a Letter from M. Wieſniakow, who carry'd the Czarina's Ratification to Conſtantinople, with Advice, that there was an univerſal Joy upon his Arrival; and that if he had ſtay'd but ſix Days longer he verily believes there would have been a general Revolution, the Janiſaries having publickly declar'd that they would not ſerve againſt the Ruſſians. The Perſon whom the Grand Seignior has nominated to come and reſide here as Ambaſſador, is the ſame that aſſiſted in the Conferences at Nimiro, as ſecond Plenipotentiary from the Ottoman Porte.

On the Day that the Court receiv'd the Ratification of the Peace, which was proclaim'd by the Great Guns of the Fortreſs and the Admiralty, the Detachment of the Guards that made the Campaign againſt the Infidels, enter'd this City in Triumph, with the Lieutenant-General de Biron at their Head. The Soldiers had Green Branches of Fir in their Hats, and the Officers Boughs of Laurel. The Czarina cauſed 20000 Rubles to be diſtributed among the Soldiers, with a Gold Medal to the Commiſſion'd Officers, and a Silver one to the Subalterns, to reward them for their Bravery in their ſeveral Engagements with the Turks. Moreover, her Majeſty has beſpoke four Swords to be made, with very fine Gold Hilts, adorn'd with Diamonds. The firſt, which is to the Value of 10000 Rubles, is deſign'd for the Field-Marſhal de Munich, who is expected here in a Fortnight at moſt; the ſecond, of 8000, for the Field-Marſhal de Laſcy, who, 'tis ſaid, is ſick in the Ukraine; the third, of 6000 Rubles, for the General de Romanzow; the fourth, of 5000, for the General de Biron; a fifth of the ſame Value for the Lieutenant-General de Biron; and the other two, of 4000 Rubles each, for the Lieutenant-Generals Stoffel and Lowendahl.

On the 8th, which was celebrated here with great Joy and Splendour, as being the Birth-Day of the Czarina, her Majeſty declar'd that the Princeſs Anne of Brunſwick-Wolfembuttle was with Child; and it was obſerved, that from that Moment the Princeſs took Precedence of the Princeſs Elizabeth.

Rome, Feb. 9. O. S. On the 4th began the Funeral Obſequies of the late Pope, when five Cardinals in Black Copes gave the Abſolution, and ſprinkled Holy Water and Incenſe round a magnificent Bed of State, that was rais'd in St. Peter's Church, and illuminated with a thouſand Pounds Weight of Wax Candles and Torches. On the 6th, the Pope's Funeral Oration was made by M. Piccolimini before the Sacred College: And next Day Signior Allemani, a Native of Mount Lebanon and Head-Keeper of the Vatican Library, made a Latin Oration *pro eligendo Pontifice*; i. e. for chooſing a Pope, which was no ſooner ended but 25 Cardinals went to the Conclave, guarded by 4 Swiſs and 2 Light-Horſemen, the Chevalier de St. George and his two Sons being Spectators of the Proceſſion from a Balcony. The ſame Afternoon 11 other Cardinals repair'd thither, and in the Evening 16 more, in which Number was Cardinal Coſcia, who went in the Coach of Cardinal Acquaviva the Spaniſh Miniſter, and was invited by the Sacred College, who ſent their Secretary and Maſter of the Ceremonies to him for that Purpoſe, without mentioning what had paſs'd. After the Sacred College had enter'd Sixtus's Chapel, Cardinal Ottoboni, the Dean, read the Collect, *Deus qui corda fidelium*, &c. and then he exhorted the Cardinals to provide the Church with a Head that was worthy to be Vicar of Jeſus Chriſt. After this, Colonna was ſworn Majordomo and Governour of the Conclave; and then ſeveral of the Cardinals, who were returned in the mean time to their Palaces, came back and lay in the Conclave, which was ſhut up at 9 o'Clock at Night. Till that Hour all the Prelates and Nobility, in their Habits of Ceremony, went and viſited the Cardinals in their Cells.

The following is a Liſt of the whole Sacred College, with the Dates of their Creation, and the Names of their reſpective Countries.

Cardinal Biſhops.

1689. Ottoboni, the Dean, a Venetian.
1706. Ruffo, the Sub-dean, a Neapolitan.
1711. Albani, the Chamberlain, of Urbino.
1712. Picus of Mirandola.
Corradini, of Sezza in the Pope's Territory.
1724. Altieri, jun. of Rome.

Cardinal Prieſts.

1712. De Rohan, a Frenchman.
D'Acunha, a Portugueſe.
De Polignac, a Frenchman.
1713. Odeſcalchi, a Milaneſe.
De Schonborn, a German.
1717. Alberoni, of Piacenza.
1719. De Geſvres, a Frenchman.
De Boſſu, a Fleming.
Belluga, a Spaniard.
1724. Petra, a Neapolitan.
1725. Coſcia, a Neapolitan.
1726. De Fleury, a Frenchman.
Querini, a Venetian.
Lercari, a Genoeſe.
Lambertini, a Bolagneſe.
Fini, a Neapolitan.
1727. Colloniz, a German.
Sintzendorf, a German.
De Motta, a Portugueſe.
1728. Goni, a Bolagneſe.
Perelz, of Frioul.
Caraffa, a Neapolitan.
Accoramboni, of Spoleto.
1729. Cibo, of Maſſa-carrara.
Borgheſe, a Roman.
Ferrerio, of Nice.
1730. Maſcei, of Monte Pulciano.
1731. Bichi, of Sienna.
Firrau, a Neapolitan.
Gentile, a Roman.
Guadagni, of Florence.
1732. Acquaviva, a Neapolitan.
1733. Riviera, of Urbino.
Paſſari, a Neapolitan.
1734. Aldobrandini, a Bolagneſe.
Cenci, a Roman.
Pieri, of Sienna.
1735. Spinelli, a Neapolitan.
1737. D'Almaida, a Portugueſe.
D'Auvergne, a Frenchman.
De Lamberg, a German.
De Molina, a Spaniard.
Lipsky, a Polander.
1738. Delci, of Sienna.
Paſſionei, of Teſſonbrone in the Pope's Territory.
Valenti Gonzague, of Mantua.

Cardinal Deacons.

1690. Altieri, the elder, a Roman.
1715. Marini, a Genoeſe.
1721. Alexander Albani, of Urbino.
1725. Del Giudice, a Neapolitan.
1730. Corſini, a Florentine.
Ruſpoli, a Roman.
1732. Moſca, of Peſaro in the Pope's Territory.
1733. Spinola, a Genoeſe.
1734. Lanfredini, a Florentine.
1735. Don Lewis, Infante of Spain.
1737. Rezzonico, a Venetian.
1739. Stampa, a Milaneſe.
De Tencin, a Frenchman.
Coria, a Roman.
Colonna, a Roman.
Sacripanti, of Narni in the Pope's Territory.

In all 68 Cardinals; of whom 50 are Italians, 6 French, 4 Germans, 3 Spaniards, 3 Portugueſe, 1 Fleming, and 1 Polander.

They write from San Marino, that the Apoſtolical Commiſſary has reſtor'd that Republick to its Liberty, and put Things upon the ancient Footing, after having order'd by a Decree, which was approv'd by the Senate, that Lolli and Belzoppi, the Criminals who were the Authors of the late Diſturbances, ſhould be baniſh'd for ever from their Territory.

Vienna, Feb. 13. O.S. It having been aſſerted in the *Mercure Hiſtorique*, printed in Holland in October laſt, That the Baron de Succow, Lieutenant General and at that time Commandant of Belgrade, *abſolutely refuſed to ſign the late Treaty, and that upon his Refuſal it was ſign'd by the* Baron de Schmettau; whereas 'tis notorious from his Imperial Majeſty's own Manifeſto, that no Overture nor Propoſal for a Peace was made to either of 'em, and that neither the one nor the other had any Inſtructions upon that Head; but that the ſame was ſign'd not at Belgrade but in the Turks Camp, and in the very Tent of the Grand Vizier, by none beſides the Count de Neuperg on the Part of the Emperor, and that too contrary to all Rules, Uſage and Decorum, as being againſt his Imperial Majeſty's Will, and even before the Count had receiv'd the leaſt Ratification from him of the Preliminaries; For this Reaſon, the Baron de Schmettau reſents this falſe Calumny as a Deſign to tarniſh his Reputation, and being conſcious to himſelf that he ſpar'd no Pains to ſave Belgrade according to his Honour and the Duty of a brave and experienced General; he therefore promiſes a Reward of 100 Ducats to any Perſon that ſhall diſcover the Author of that Scandal ſo as that he can be apprehended in his Imperial Majeſty's Dominions.

Madrid, Feb. 5. O. S. The Dutch Ambaſſador Vander Meeer going to court t'other Day to congratulate the Infante Don Philip the Great Admiral of the Spaniſh Monarchy on his Recovery from the Small-pox, he took that Opportunity to ſpeak to him concerning the late Memorials which he had given in relating to the Right aſſumed by the Spaniſh Privateers to ſtop and viſit Dutch Ships upon the ſlighteſt Pretexts, the Infante inquir'd very minutely into the Matter of his Complaint, order'd his Memorials to be laid before him, and aſſur'd the Ambaſſador that he would carefully examine them, and that he ſhould have a ſpeedy Anſwer. He added alſo, 'As often as your Excel-'lency has any Remonſtrance to offer in the Province 'of the Marine Affairs, you may depend on it that 'I will take care to diſpatch you as ſoon as poſſible. This is not the only Inſtance of Don Philip's Care and Application to Buſineſs ſince he was veſted with the Office of Grand Admiral.

We have receiv'd Advice by the Way of Lisbon, that the Beginning of November laſt the Engliſh made a Deſcent on the Spaniſh Colonies in Paraguay, where they deſtroy'd all the Country about Villa Rica and Guaira or Ciudad Real, which laſt Place 'tis ſaid they entirely gutted. They add, that after this Expedition they ſail'd towards the Coaſt of the Caraccas, where they alſo landed and did great Damage to the Inhabitants.

The Generals and other Officers are ſetting out one after another for their Poſts. The Duke of Ormond is expected forthwith in this City, where he will ſtay ſome Days before he ſets out for Galicia. All the Advices from the Sea-ports confirm the Wrecks of Shipping upon the Coaſts by the late tempeſtuous Weather.

There has lately fallen ſo much Snow here, that the oldeſt Man living never ſaw it ſo deep. It has render'd the Roads ſo unpaſſable, that near 2000 Men are actually employ'd to clear that to the Pardo. The Hills being all cover'd with it, 'tis fear'd that the Low Lands will ſuffer very much by a Thaw.

HOME PORTS.

Dover, Feb. 28. A great many Ships bound to Holland, Hamburgh, &c. are now in our Harbour; among them the Nelly, Forbes, from Kirkcudbright; the Hope, Thompſon; the Katherine, Curwen; and the Mary and Betty, Fleming, from Whitehaven; all four for Rotterdam.

Deal, Feb. 29. Wind S. W. Arrived ſince laſt Poſt, and ſailed for the River, the Anna, Adriaſſon, from Seville; and another Dutch Ship, her Name unknown; the Farnley, Duckett, and the Anſley, Allen, from Lisbon; the Providence, Stewart, from Dublin; the Aylesbury, Bray, from Zant; the Wiltſhire, Brown, from Leghorn; and a Ship from Virginia, Name unknown. No Ship in the Downs.

Deal, March 1. Wind S. W. Arrived and ſailed his Majeſty's Ship Dolphin; the Aylesbury, Bray, from Zant; the William, Graves, from Carolina; the Swift, Legard, from Gibraltar; and ſeveral others, Names unknown. Two Veſſels arrived this Forenoon are run on the Goodwin. 'Tis fine Weather,

ther, and our Boats are gone to their Assistance. I hope to give a better Account of them To-morrow.

Arrived

At Dover, the Oswego Packet, Waddell, from New-York; the Pegasus, Ramsay, from Gibraltar; and the Monmouth, Gerald, from Maryland

At Bristol, the Phenix, Spry, from Maryland.

LONDON.

A Letter of the 20th ult. from Cologne says, that the Baron de Neuhoff, alias Theodore late King of Corsica, arriv'd there Post from Venice, with four Gentlemen, that he alighted at the House of a Polish Gentleman, and that, they say, he intends to go with a Passport to a certain neighbouring Town, there to live retired with his Companions.

Those of the 9th ult. from Stockholm say, their Swedish Majesties still retain so much Respect for the Count de Horn, that they have sent a Chamberlain to his Seat, with their Compliments of Condolance upon the Death of his Wife.

From Hamburgh they write, that the young Hereditary Prince of Holstein Ploen is dead.

We are assur'd from Paris, by Letters of Wednesday last, that the Count de la Marck, the French Ambassador at Madrid, desires to be recall'd, because the Spanish Air does not agree with his Constitution. They add, that in Lower Dauphiny they have had a violent Earthquake, which was particularly felt at a Place call'd Rhin near Tournon, as also at Valence and St. Valier.

They write from Naples, that M. de Thoms, who was the Duke of Saxe-Gotha's Minister formerly at this Court, and who made a Tour last Year to that City, has been honour'd with the Title of a Count by the King of the Two Sicilies, and is shortly expected there from Holland, where he has spent the Winter.

A great Quantity of Snow fell on the 20th ult. at Brussels; where, tho' the Cold was very much abated, the Common People are in a very miserable Condition from the Scarcity and Dearness of Provisions.

'Tis said the French will form a Camp of 15000 Men next Spring at Graveling, to be employ'd on the Canal, and other Works that are erecting near the Fortress.

Yesterday the Right Rev. Dr. Maddox Lord Bishop of St. Asoph preach'd before his Majesty the Duke and the Princesses at the Chapel Royal of St. James.

Saturday last died at his House in Bennet-street Westminster Capt. Porter, an old experienced Officer in the Army.

His Majesty has been pleas'd to appoint Mr. Riggs Son of Mr. Riggs an eminent Linnen-draper in Pall-Mall, to be an Ensign in Col. Wentworth's Regiment of Foot.

Yesterday the Hon. Charles Bentinck, Esq; Son of the Right Hon. the Countess of Portland, and his Lady Sister to her Grace the Duchess of Richmond, embark'd on board the William and Mary Yatch, Capt. Molloy, at Greenwich on their Return for Holland.

Snoud and Wells, condemn'd some time since at the Old Baily for a Robbery on the Highway, but afterwards receiv'd his Majesty's Respit for Six Weeks, are order'd to be transported for Life.

Last Saturday was held a general Court of the Russia Company at Salter's-hall, when Samuel Holden, Esq; was chosen Governor; Joel Watson, Richard Blount, Josiah Wordsworth, and Robert Thornton, Esqrs. were chosen Consuls; and at the same time 28 Gentlemen of the said Company were elected to be of the Court of Assistants.

Last Week died at Uxbridge in the 76th Year of his Age, Sir Thomas Langley, Bart. Grandson of Sir Roger Langley, Bart. who was Foreman of the Jury on the Trial of the 7 Bishops in the Reign of King James II.

His Majesty has been pleas'd to appoint the Right Hon. the Lord Cathcart, one of the 16 Peers for Scotland, to be General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces rais'd or to be rais'd in America.

Last Saturday died at her House in Great Marlborough-street Mrs. Minshull, Aunt to her Grace the Duchess of Norfolk.

Yesterday died in Hanover-square Master Robert Long, Son of Sir Robert Long, Bart. and Grandson to the Right Hon. the Earl of Tilney.

This Morning Mr. Justice Probyn and Mr. Justice Chapple set out to hold the Assizes for the Western Circuit.

As do Mr. Justice Fortescue and Mr. Baron Wright, to hold the Assizes for the Oxford Circuit.

On Saturday ended the Sessions at the Old Bailey, when the following Persons received Sentence of Death, viz.

Elizabeth Hales, Elizabeth Jarvis, and Frances Humphreys, for robbing Charles Dickenson in the House of Godfrey Nodder in Hanging-Sword-Court, Fleetstreet.

John Sawney, for a Street-Robbery.

Elizabeth Whitney alias Dibray, and Mary Nash alias Goulding, for robbing George Stacey of 34 l. 13 s. in the House of William Needham by Temple-Bar.

Samuel Hill, for Burglary and Felony.

Twenty two were order'd for Transportation, Two burnt in the Hand, and Two order'd to be whipp'd.

BANKRUPTS.

Moses Prado, of Goodmans Fields, Broker.

Francis Graves, of New North-street, Wine-merchant.

Edmond Townsend, of St. Sepulchre's, Vintner and Victualler.

Robert Williams, of St. Giles's Cripplegate, Cheesemonger.

Richard Waddington, late of Sandwich in Kent, Merchant.

John Bowra, the elder, of Wythyham, Sussex, Butcher.

John Lewis, of Hertford, Miller.

William Brown, of Easingwold, Yorkshire, Grocer.

High Water this Day at London Bridge,	Morning	Evening
	03 11	03 24

Bank Stock 139 3-4ths. India 154. South Sea 95 1-8th. Old Annuity 109 3-4ths, 7-8ths. New ditto 107 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 99 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan 107 1-4th. Five per Cent. ditto 88 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 86. London Assurance 11. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 3 l. 15 to 16 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 10 s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 3-4ths Prem. English Copper 3 l. 6 s. 6 d. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 100 3-4ths. Three per Cent. ditto 94. Million Bank 113 3-4ths. Equivalent 110 1-8th.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich,
February 27, 1739 40.

THE Directors of His Majesty's Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, hereby give Notice, That such Tallow-Chandlers as are willing to contract for serving the said Hospital with Tallow Candles, may deliver their Proposals in Writing sealed up, to the Directors at Salters-Hall, on Wednesday the 19th of March, 1739-40 at Eleven in the Forenoon; and in the mean time by applying to the Steward of the said Hospital at Greenwich, they may be informed of the Nature of the Service, and of all other Particulars relating thereto.

This Day is Publish'd,
(Price Six-pence.)

A Letter to the Rev. Mr. Lamb: Occasion'd by his Remarks on a Book intitaled, A Plain Account, &c. of the Sacrament.

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater noster-Row.

Where may be had, Just Published,

POPERY Disarm'd of those Weapons of Force, and those Instruments of Fraud in which it chiefly trusts. In a SERMON preach'd at the Cathedral Church of Worcester, November 5, 1739.

By RICHARD MEADOWCOURT, A. M. *Canon of* Worcester.

I. A Copy of the Royal Charter establishing an Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of Expos'd and Deserted Young Children. Price 4 d.

II. The Occasional Paper, Number I. An Address to the Nobility and Gentry on the Abuse of Sunday. Price 4 d.

Number II. is in the Press, and will speedily be Publish'd.

This Day is Published,
[Price Six Shillings.]

BARON and FEME. A Treatise of Law and Equity concerning Husbands and Wives. Of Marriages, Bastardy, the Privileges of Feme Covert; Alterations made by Marriage as to Estates, Goods and Actions; what things of the Wife accrue to the Husband by Marriage; what Acts, Charges, Forfeitures by the Husband, shall bind the Wife after his Death; of Jointures and Pleadings, Fines and Recovery, Conveyances, &c. of Wills and Feme Covert Executrix; of the Wife's separate Disposition and Maintenance; of the Disposition of the Wife's Term by the Husband; of Actions brought by or against Baron and Feme; what Actions or Contracts of the Wife bind the Husband; of Indictments and Informations against them; of Baron and Feme Joinder in Action; of a Feme Sole Merchant; Declarations and Pleas, &c. of Divorces, &c. all in English.

The Third Edition; in which are added many Cases in Law and Equity never before printed.

Printed for T. Waller in the Temple Cloisters, and at his Shop in Westminster Hall; where may be had all other Law Books at the most reasonable Prices.

Advertisement.

WHereas Elizabeth, Daughter of John Bleak, Glover, of Midhurst in Sussex, and Wife of me Claude Millet, some time ago eloped from her said Husband; This Advertisement is therefore to give Notice to all People whatsoever, not to trust the said Elizabeth Millet on any Account whatsoever, for I will not pay any Debt or Debts that she shall contract after the Day of the Date hereof. Witness my Hand the twenty-seventh of February in the Year 1739-40. CLAUDE MILLET.

The most excruciating Rheumatism, and all Rheumatick Pains, fix'd or wandering, in the Limbs or other Parts, infallibly, and instantly cur'd without purging, or the least Trouble or Disorder,

BY incomparable Chymical Drops, which at once entirely free the Patient from that cruel Distemper; for they immediately restore a due and equal Circulation to the Fluids in the minutest Canals, by effectually attenuating and subduing the pernicious Lenton, or obstructing vifeid Humour which occasions all the Torture, insomuch that all Manner of Pain, though ever so violent, instantly vanishes, to the Admiration of all who have taken them, who could not believe it in the Power of Medicine to give such sudden, and seemingly miraculous Ease, till happily convinced by their own Experience.

Hundreds who had been miserably afflicted with the Rheumatism many Years, and try'd most other Remedies in vain, have been instantly cured by these most excellent Drops, which were never once known to fail. They are agreeable to take, and for Safety might be given to an Infant; and are to be had only at Jacob's Coffee-house against the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-street behind the Royal-Exchange, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

An Infallible and Instant Cure
For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS *of* HEARING, PAIN *or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. by the true Chymical Specifick* DROPS,

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the least Uneasiness whatever, as many Thousands have experienc'd.

They effectually remove all Pain occasion'd by Cold, strengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing Faculty, almost in an Instant, causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were so very bad, as not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despaired of being ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the certain and almost immediate Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have justly gained for many Years past, have occasion'd (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of such Impositions, these excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewomen at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.

The Great Carminative.
A most famous Tincture for the Wind Cholick,

IN what Part soever lodged; for at once taking, and in five Minute's Time, it perfectly cures the severest Gripings in the Guts, and immediately expels the Wind from the Stomach or Bowels (as it were) to a Miracle.

For all wandering Pains in any Part soever, which are in some Persons the Forerunners of a fixed Rheumatism, in others the Gout (mistaken many times under the Notion of Scorbutick Ailments) this famous Medicine has not its Fellow, having wrought Wonders in these Cases on great Numbers of People, who, before taking it, could neither sit, stand, nor lie at Ease; but were in intolerable Pain Night and Day, and in taking less than half a Bottle, were absolutely freed from their present Pain, and, by a short Continuance of the Course, recovered to perfect Health again.

As for any Belchings or Hiccups, proceeding from Wind, or in short, in any Case of Wind, it may be depended on as the best, safest, most expeditious, and most sovereign Remedy ever yet known.

It is sold only by Mr. King, Printseller, in the Poultry, near the Royal Exchange, and by Mr. Martin, Toy-man, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland in Cranbourn-alley, near Leicester-fields, at 3 s. the Bottle.

By the said Mr. King and Mr. Martin is also sold for 3 s. the Bottle.

The Princely beautifying LOTION.

Whose INIMITABLE VIRTUES and TRANSCENDENT EXCELLENCIES have gained it so much Reputation, that envious Imitators endeavour, tho' in vain, to counterfeit it.

It beautifies the Face, Neck, and Hands to the utmost Perfection, and is in the greatest Esteem amongst Ladies, &c. of the first Quality. No Words can sufficiently express its Virtues; for it is not of the Nature of Paint, which puts a false and unnatural Gloss on the Skin; but is a Remedy that, by its Use, really gives a Lustre to the most Beautiful, by shewing the fine Features of the Face, and is so safe, not having the least Grain of Mercury in it, that it may be taken inwardly, and if smelled to, is really good against Vapours.

It infallibly kill Worms in the Face, takes away Freckles, Spots, Wrinkles, Pits, or Marks of the Small-Pox, and assuredly cures any Defects in the Face, giving a charming youthful Lustre and fine Air to the Features, to Admiration.

As for such Persons as are of a swarthy Complexion, or troubled with any disagreeable Redness, Roughness, Morphew, Heats, or the like, it is not to be paralleled; for it immediately smooths, clears, plumps, nourishes, and whitens the Skin to the last Degree, and makes those Persons who before look'd haggard and old, to look young, beautiful, and fair; and, in short, it far exceeds any thing that was ever yet known or made publick, for clearing and beautifying the Skin.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noster-Row*